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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/827,074	04/19/2004	Tomoki Nobuta	WAKAB76.006AUS	1881
20995 7590 02/12/2007 KNOBBE MARTENS OLSON & BEAR LLP 2040 MAIN STREET			EXAMINER	
			THOMPSON, MELISSA	
FOURTEENTH IRVINE. CA 92			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
110,110,01192			. 1745	·
SHORTENED STATUTORY	PERIOD OF RESPONSE	NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVER	Y MODE
3 MONTHS		02/12/2007	ELECTRONIC	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

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jcartee@kmob.com eOAPilot@kmob.com

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/827,074	NOBUTA ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
• •	Melissa B. Thompson	1745
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with	h the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING [- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a red d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT ate, cause the application to become ABA	ATION. bly be timely filed HS from the mailing date of this communication. NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 09 and 2a)□ This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ The 3)□ Since this application is in condition for allowed closed in accordance with the practice under	is action is non-final. ance except for formal matte	
Disposition of Claims		,
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-19</u> is/are pending in the applicatio 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5)□ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-19</u> is/are rejected. 7)□ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8)□ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	awn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examination The drawing(s) filed on 19 April 2004 is/are: a Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examination is objected to by the Examination The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examination The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examination The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examination The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examination The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examination The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examination The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examination The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examination The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examination The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examination The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examination The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examination The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examination The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examination The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examination The oath or declaration The oath Oath Oath Oath Oath Oath Oath Oath O	a) accepted or b) object e drawing(s) be held in abeyand ection is required if the drawing(s	ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documer 2. Certified copies of the priority documer 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureat * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in Ap iority documents have been r au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	pplication No received in this National Stage
Attachment(s)		
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 4/19/2004.	Paper No(s)	Immary (PTO-413) /Mail Date formal Patent Application

Art Unit: 1745

DETAILED ACTION

Information Disclosure Statement

The IDS gives an improper document number. The second reference given shows that the first four numbers are "2000", however the correct numbers should be "2001".

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 2. Claims 1,2,7-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Fleischer et al. (U.S. Patent Number 6,225,009 B1).

Fleischer et al. disclose an electrochemical cell comprising an anode and a cathode (column 2, lines 60-61). The anode includes an organic compound which is a source of proton during discharge and the cathode includes a compound which forms an electrochemical battery couple with the anode (column 2, lines 62-64 and column 10, lines 21-55). For example, Fleisher et al. disclose the organic compound in the anode can be quinone (column 3, line 3) and the anode active component is capable of providing hydrogen ions in an electrochemical reaction to produce electrical energy during discharge of the cell

Application/Control Number: 10/827,074

Art Unit: 1745

and to accept hydrogen ions during charging of the cell (column 3, lines 8-12). Fleischer et al. disclose that organic materials are used as a hydrogen ion source in the solid state and the hydrogen ions of the redox reaction are transported in a non-liquid electrolyte (column 4, lines 65-67). Fleischer et al. disclose that both the anode and/or cathode include a proton conducting material which may be a solid gel, a polymer, or an aqueous solution such as sulfuric acid (column 5, lines 54-56). Fleischer et al. disclose an anion exchange material in the form of a sheet or resin, is mixed with the materials of the cathode or anode mix or alternatively is positioned between the anode and the cathode; and that exchange material is a natural or synthetic substance (column 12, lines 1-8). Hexahydroxy benzene can be used in the form of triguinoyl in the cathode with coupled with an appropriate anodic active material (column 13, lines 20-22). Fleischer et al. disclose a three cell bipolar battery (stacked cells) with graphite sheets between the cells acting as bipolar current collector (column 18 line 58 to column 19, line 3). Fleischer et al. disclose that the graphite sheets between the cells act as bipolar a current collector which shows that the batteries are stacked and connected in series. Each individual cell voltage is 0.55 volt and stacking 3 in series gives 1.7 volts (column 19, lines 1-6).

Page 3

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and

the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

4. Claims 3-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fleischer et al. (U.S. Patent Number 6,225,009 B1) in view of Yoshioka et al. (U.S. Patent Number 4,693,828).

The disclosure of Fleischer et al. as applied to claim 1 discussed above is incorporated herein.

Fleischer et al. do not teach that the anion-exchange resin is a fiber with length of 10mm and major axis of $100\mu m$ or less or that the fiber is made of polyvinyl alcohol.

Yoshioka et al. teach ion exchange resin fibers with the anion-exchanges groups such as a quaternary ammonium group and a primary, secondary, and tertiary amino groups (column 1, lines 65-67). Yoshioka et al. teach that known ion-exchange fibers used are usually 0.1 to 100μm and preferably 1 to 100μm in diameter (column 2, lines 4-5) and include polyvinyl alcohol-based fibers (column 2, line 10). In Example 1, Yoshioka et al. teach that the fibers are cut to a length of 1mm (column 4, line 55).

Fleischer and Yoshioka are analogous art because they are both concerned with a similar problem solving area of using anion-exchange materials to accomplish ion exchanging.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to include the polyvinyl-alcohol based anion-exchange resin fibers with quaternary ammonium groups disclosed in Yoshioka et al. in the electrode of Fleischer et al. because the anion-exchange resin fibers used in Yoshioka et al. are readily commercially available (column 1, lines 56-57). Furthermore, the courts have held that it is prima facie obvious to select a known material based on its suitability for its intended purpose (see MPEP 2144.07)

5. Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fleischer et al. (U.S. Patent Number 6,225,009 B1).

The disclosure of Fleischer et al. as applied to claim 1 discussed above is incorporated herein.

Fleischer et al. do not teach that the anion-exchange resin is 0.01 to 60wt% of the electrode active material.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to optimize the amount of anion-exchange resin. The number of ion in the electrode would dictate the amount of anion-exchange resin in the active material as taught by Fleischer (column 12, lines 1-14). Thus, Fleischer is clearly teaching that the concentration of the anion-exchange resin is a results effective variable. The courts have held that optimization of a results effective variable is not novel. In re Boesch, 617 F.2d 272, 205 USPQ 215 (CCPA 1980).

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Melissa B. Thompson whose telephone number is (571)

Application/Control Number: 10/827,074 Page 6

Art Unit: 1745

272-2758. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 8am to 5pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's Trainer, Susy Tsang-Foster can be reached on (571) 272-1293. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

MBT

SUSY TSANG-FOSTER